

S PHONES SPEECH FA

**of Yale Diners Hear President
Hadley 1,000 Miles Away.**

E TALKS TO CHICAGO ALUM

**University Head Delivers Address
Home in New Haven.**

SEES BENEFIT IN INNOVATI

He Declares, However, That Long Distance Oratory Also Has Its Drawbacks.

CHICAGO, February 17.—The Yale college yell, backed by 200 lusty voices in the rafters ring in the banquet hall of the lake front hotel tonight, when President Arthur T. Hadley's voice was heard over the long distance telephone from

The resolution derives additional support from a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States is expected to be handed down tomorrow in the so-called "hot coal" case, interpreting the commodities clause of the antitrust law.

There has been much discussion of late about the coal-mining industry's home at New Haven. The occasion was the sixtieth annual dinner of the Yale Alumni Association.

A watch case receiver at each dinner elbow connected with a trunk line of telephone receivers, which carried Mr. Hadley's speech. Toastmaster Stewart, in his remarks, referred to the thirty telephone receivers.

President Hadley announced "the speaker of the evening" as Mr. William Brewster. President Hadley said:

"The Yale Alumni Association has been

Mr. Buchanan yesterday, commenting on the resolution of the high cost of living, and this subject is one of great importance to the masses of the people.

Good Place to Start Probe.

There is a wide difference of opinion as to the reasons for the increase in the cost of the necessities and comforts of life. The necessary and essential commodities, such as food, fuel, coal, and it appears to me that an

investigation of the price of coal would be as good a place to begin an inquiry

The information that I have indicates that the anthracite coal roads are securing more than a fair return for the service they render the people, and what they receive above an equitable return for

such service creates an unjust hardship on the consumer. The upshot of this is that the railroad is not what appears to be a reliable source shows that the Delaware, Maryland and Pennsylvania Railroad from 1944 and up to and including 1948, has declared an annual dividend of 20 per cent in cash, and in 1949 it declared a dividend of 50 per cent in cash, besides a large dividend in stocks, and in 1950 it declared a dividend of 37 per cent, but a stock dividend of 37 per cent.

"This would indicate that the railroads are charging an exorbitant price for their service, and that the ratepayers are being treated as a source of funds for the railroads' stockholders. And there is another aspect to this which is that the railroads are not what appears to be a reliable source shows that the Delaware, Maryland and Pennsylvania Railroad from 1944 and up to and including 1948, has declared an annual dividend of 20 per cent in cash, and in 1949 it declared a dividend of 50 per cent in cash, besides a large dividend in stocks, and in 1950 it declared a dividend of 37 per cent, but a stock dividend of 37 per cent.

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"Another important factor in the mat-

ter is the fact that the coal lands are virtually all owned or controlled by the railroads or mining companies, which have common stockholders and a com-

mon directorship with the railroads. While there have been improvements in the methods of mining by the use of machinery which has been installed and which has been a great protection to the workers in the coal industry, which should cheapen the cost of production, yet we find that the price of coal has advanced and this advance in price of coal and other necessities of life is confusing the people, because of the statement that the price of coal is going to increase in the cost of labor. The facts, in my opinion, will not bear out this statement. The price of coal is going to decrease.

quarters as one of a number of alleged "fads and fancies" condemned by serious critics.

"Therefore I have introduced a resolution asking for an investigation of the cost of producing coal, from the mine to the consumer, that the people may know why we have the exorbitant prices for this necessary article. It is my privilege to call attention to this."

monopoly, which means the people in the hands of a few people to fix prices. By securing information through an investigation, prosecuted by efficient, competent and independent judges, we should learn of all the elements that enter into the cost of cost, and in that way learn who is responsible for any exorbitant price that the people are paying.

In his evident estimate of the value of German evidence Mr. Schiff is right—

An Odorous Cargo.

From the Springfield Republican.

All records for customs inspection were beaten in Pensacola harbor the other day when the revenue cutter drew up alongside the schooner Penn, just in

though that conclusion should put misassailants of school "fads and fancies" in the wrong.

The Peril of Overstudy.

From the Boston Globe.

The suicide of a promising young college student and the recent break-

from Irikysiporia, a land. She brought fish for fertilizer, and fish for fertilizer, it will be understood, is not kept on ice. Herring guano, it is called, but that is unjust to guano. The officers waited long enough to learn how to spell the word, and then they showed that any misguided person wishes to smuggle diamonds, a fish-guano schooner from

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The Star is the one paper in Washington in nearly every home and the only paper in thousands of homes.

The bona fide circulation of The Evening Star with but one edition daily is more than 20,000 in excess of its nearest competitor.

STATEMENT.		
	1912.	1911.
Saturday,	February 10...62,991	February 11.....59,395
Sunday,	February 11...51,766	February 12.....49,035
Monday,	February 12...63,759	February 13.....59,373
Tuesday,	February 13.....	February 14.....

Tuesday, February 13...	63,776	February 14.....	59,306
Wednesday, February 14...	65,024	February 15.....	59,536
Thursday, February 15...	64,799	February 16.....	59,469
Friday, February 16...	64,566	February 17.....	59,470

AFFIDAVIT

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents only the number of copies of THE EVENING AND SUNDAY STAR circulated during the seven days ended February 16, 1912—that, is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers—and that the copies so

counted are not returnable to or do not remain in the office unsold, except in the case of papers sent to out-of-town agents only, from whom a few returns of unsold papers have not yet been received.

FLEMING NEWBOLD,
Business Manager,
The Evening Star Newspaper Company.
District of Columbia, D.C.

District of Columbia, ss.:
Subscribed and sworn to before me this seventeenth
day of February, A.D. 1912.

(Seal.)

E. E. RAMEY,
Notary Public.